

REAPPORTIONMENT

The process of reapportionment is governed by 55 ILCS 5/2-3

Requirements:

- 1- Determine the size of the county board.
 - a. Not less than 5 nor more than 29 members and may not exceed the size of the county board on Oct. 2, 1969.
 - b. Determine if board members shall be elected at large from the county or by county board districts.
 - i. May have single member districts in unincorporated areas and multi-members districts in incorporated areas. However, representation must be proportionate. (ex. If a single member district in incorporated area has 1,000 people then a 2 member district in incorporated area must have 2,000 people).
- 2- Must be completed by the day after the County Board's regularly convened meeting in July, 2021.
- 3- Determine method of compensation for the Board. (Adjustments in compensation do not take effect during the current term of office.)
 - a. Per diem.
 - b. Annual.
 - c. Combination of per diem and annual.
 - d. Decide on additional compensation for the Speaker.
- 4- Must meet the requirements of Section 2-3003(1).

County Executive Role:

The County Executive may develop reapportionment plan.

- 1- Must be presented to the County Board by the 3rd Wednesday in May.
- 2- County Board must hold a public hearing.
 - a. Must give 6 days notice.
 - b. Must be held at least 6 days but not more than 21 days after the County Executive's plan is presented to the Board.
 - c. May not enact an apportionment plan until after public hearing.

Failure to complete reapportionment in a timely manner-

The County Clerk is required to convene the county reapportionment commission. (County Clerk, State's Attorney, the Attorney General or his designee, the respective chairs of the county central committees of the first and second leading political parties.)